



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/819,628	03/29/2001	Kenjiro Morimoto	K6510.0056/P056	4427

24998 7590 02/15/2005

DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO MORIN & OSHINSKY LLP  
2101 L Street, NW  
Washington, DC 20037

EXAMINER

PHAN, TAM T

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2144

DATE MAILED: 02/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	09/819,628	MORIMOTO, KENJIRO	
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>	
	Tam (Jenny) Phan	2144	

**-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**  
**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 October 2004.  
 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☐ This action is non-final.  
 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-17 and 20-24 is/are pending in the application.  
     4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.  
 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.  
 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-17 and 20-24 is/are rejected.  
 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.  
 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  
 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 29 March 2001 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
     Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
     Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  
 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  
     a) ☒ All    b) ☐ Some \*    c) ☐ None of:  
         1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  
         2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.  
         3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  
     \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                                   | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)             |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

**DETAILED ACTION**

1. This application has been examined. Amendment received on 10/21/2004 has been entered. Claims 1, 3, 5, 12 and 15-17 are currently amended. Claims 18-19 are cancelled. Claims 2, 4, and 6-11 are previously presented. Claims 20-24 are new.
2. Claims 1-17 and 20-24 are presented for examination.

***Priority***

3. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.
4. The effective filing date for the subject matter defined in the pending claims which has support in JP 2000-095929 in this application is 03/30/2000. Any new subject matter defined in the claims not previously disclosed in JP 2000-095929, is entitled to the effective filing date of 03/29/2001.
5. Should applicant desire to obtain the benefit of foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) prior to declaration of an interference, a translation of the foreign application should be submitted under 37 CFR 1.55 in reply to this action.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 1-17 and 20-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kume (U.S. Patent Number 6,203,433) in view of Collins (U.S. Patent Number 5,963,951).

8. Regarding claim 1, Kume disclosed an online organizing method comprising the steps of: inputting an organizing request from a participant (Figures 1, 3-5, column 3 lines 21-33, column 5 lines 49-56); searching personal information of participants of a plurality of terminals connected to a network (column 2 lines 16-26, column 8 lines 13-25); selecting the participants, who are compatible with one another, based on the personal information of the participants and the organizing request to organize selected participants (Figure 6, column 3 lines 1-20, column 8 lines 13-25); and sharing information by the terminals of the organized participants (column 3 lines 21-33); and transmitting to the respective terminals control information for carrying out a specific task (column 5 lines 48-56, column 22 lines 1-8).
9. Kume taught the invention substantially as claimed. However, Kume did not expressly teach a method wherein the personal information of the participants includes a purpose for participation in said task and the organizing request includes a desired purpose.
10. Kume suggested exploration of art and/or provided a reason to modify the online organizing method with additional feature such as participant desired purpose in order to select more appropriate play partners (column 1 lines 49-61, column 6 lines 19-43, column 21 lines 41-43).
11. Collins disclosed an online matching method wherein the personal information of the participants includes a purpose [goal] for participation in said task and the organizing request includes a desired purpose [goal] (Abstract, Figure 3, column 2 line 50-column3 line 13, column 4 lines 50-65).
12. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the method of Kume with the teachings of Collins to include the participant desired purpose feature in order to select more appropriate play partners (Kume, column 21 lines 41-43) since

it is often difficult to select proper partners for multi-players online games (Kume, column 1 lines 46-61).

13. Regarding claim 2, Kume disclosed an online organizing method wherein for collecting on line the information for the organization from the terminals connected to the network, the participants input information by selecting items displayed on the screens to input the information (Abstract, Figures 1 & 3, column 5 lines 48-56, column 16 lines 1-21, column 22 lines 1-8).

14. Regarding claim 3, Kume and Collins combined disclose an online organizing method comprising the steps of: inputting an organizing request from a participant, searching personal information of participants of a plurality of terminals connected to a network; selecting the participants, who are compatible with one another, based on the personal information of the participants and the organizing request to organize the selected participants; sharing information by the terminals of the organized participants; and transmitting control information for starting a program to be carried out on the terminals from an intervening stage of the program (Kume, Abstract, Figures 1, 3-6, 8, 11, column 5 lines 48-55, column 8 lines 13-25, column 16 lines 1-21, column 17 lines 8-22, column 22 lines 1-38), wherein the personal information of the participants includes a purpose [goal] for participation in said task and the organizing request includes a desired purpose [goal] (Collins, Abstract, Figure 3, column 2 line 50-column3 line 13, column 4 lines 50-65).

15. Regarding claim 4, Kume disclosed an online organizing method wherein said program is an online game, and said intervening stage is one of stages of the online game (column 1 lines 12-24, column 2 lines 16-26, column 15 lines 19-28, column 16 lines 1-21).

16. Regarding claim 5, Kume and Collins combined disclose a server comprising: organizing means for, based on personal information of participants of a plurality of terminals connected to a

Art Unit: 2144

network and an organizing request from at least one of the participants, selecting the participants, who are compatible with one another, to organize the selected participants, said personal information including a participant purpose and the organizing request includes a desired purpose; and information sharing means for interconnecting the terminals of the organized participants to share information (Kume, Abstract, Figures 1, 3-6, column 3 lines 21-44, column 5 line 51-column 5 line 6, column 9 lines 21-28; Collins, Abstract, Figure 3, column 2 line 50-column 3 line 13, column 4 lines 50-65).

17. Regarding claim 6, Kume disclosed a server wherein said participants organized by the organizing means are supplied as they are to said information sharing means (Abstract, column 2 lines 16-45, column 5 lines 48-55, column 8 lines 13-25).

18. Regarding claim 7, Kume disclosed a server wherein said server transmits control information for carrying out a specific task to the terminals of the participants organized by the organizing means (Figures 1, 3-6, column 2 lines 27-45, column 3 lines 34-44, column 5 lines 3-6, column 9 line 60-column 10 line 8).

19. Regarding claim 8, Kume disclosed a server wherein said specific task is a task for starting a program to be carried out on said plurality of terminals from an intervening stage of the program (Abstract, column 2 lines 16-45, column 4 line 51-column 5 line 6, column 16 lines 1-21, column 17 lines 8-22).

20. Regarding claim 9, Kume disclosed a server wherein said program is an online game, and said intervening stage is one of stages of the online game (column 1 lines 12-24, column 2 lines 16-26, column 15 lines 19-28, column 16 lines 1-21).

21. Regarding claim 10, Kume disclosed a terminal device to be connected to the server comprising: external memory means for storing personal information of a participant, when the

Art Unit: 2144

terminal device is connected to the server, the personal information stored in the external memory means is uploaded to the server (column 21 lines 62-64).

22. Regarding claim 11, Kume disclosed an external memory means provided in a terminal device and storing the personal information of the users (column 21 lines 62-64).

23. Regarding claim 12, Kume disclosed a terminal device for a network system in which a plurality of the terminal devices are connected to a server, said terminal device transmitting personal information of a user to the server; sharing information through the server among the rest terminal devices organized by the server; and cooperating with the rest terminal devices to carry out a specific task, wherein the personal information includes a user purpose for the task (Kume, Abstract, Figures 1, 3-6, column 3 lines 21-44, column 5 line 51-column 5 line 6, column 9 lines 21-28; Collins, Abstract, Figure 3, column 2 line 50-column 3 line 13, column 4 lines 50-65).

24. Regarding claim 13, Kume disclosed a terminal device wherein said specific task is a task for starting a program to be carried out by said plurality of the terminal devices from an intervening stage of the program (Abstract, column 2 lines 16-45, column 4 line 51-column 5 line 6, column 16 lines 1-21, column 17 lines 8-22).

25. Regarding claim 14, Kume disclosed a terminal device wherein said program is an online game, and said intervening stage is one of stages of the online game (column 1 lines 12-24, column 2 lines 16-26, column 15 lines 19-28, column 16 lines 1-21).

26. Regarding claim 15, Kume and Collins combined disclose a task carrying out method in which terminal devices connected to a server, comprising the steps of: transmitting personal information of the users of the terminal devices to the server; sharing information through the server among the rest terminal devices organized by the server; and cooperating with the rest terminal devices to carry out a

Art Unit: 2144

specific task (Kume, Abstract, Figures 1, 3-6, column 3 lines 21-44, column 5 line 51-column 5 line 6, column 9 lines 21-28), wherein the personal information includes a user purpose [goal] for the task and said transmitting step occurs in response to a user request that includes a desired purpose [goal] (Collins, Abstract, Figure 3, column 2 line 50-column3 line 13, column 4 lines 50-65).

27. Regarding claim 16, Kume and Collins combined disclose a computer readable medium storing a program for a server, said program for operating the server to perform an organizing method, said method comprising the steps of: inputting an organizing request from a participant; searching personal information of the participants of a plurality of terminals connected to a network; selecting the participants, who are compatible with one another, based on the personal information of the participants and the organizing request; sharing information among the terminals of the organized participants; and transmitting control information for carrying out a specific task (Kume, Abstract, Figures 1, 3-6, column 3 lines 21-44, column 5 line 51-column 5 line 6, column 9 lines 21-28, column 22 lines 19-37), wherein the personal information of the participants includes a purpose [goal] for participation in said task and the organizing request includes a desired purpose [goal] (Collins, Abstract, Figure 3, column 2 line 50-column3 line 13, column 4 lines 50-65).

28. Regarding claim 17, Kume and Collins combined disclose a computer readable medium storing a program for a terminal device, said program for operating the device to perform an organizing method, said method comprising the steps of: transmitting to a server personal information of users based on a user request; sharing information through the server among the rest terminal devices organized by the server; and cooperating with the rest terminal devices to carry out a specific task (Kume, Abstract, Figures 1, 3-6, column 3 lines 21-44, column 5 line 51-column 5 line 6, column 9



lines 21-28, column 22 lines 19-37), wherein the personal information includes a user purpose for the task (Collins, Abstract, Figure 3, column 2 line 50-column3 line 13, column 4 lines 50-65).

29. Regarding claims 20-21, and 24, Collins disclosed a method wherein the personal information of participants are previously input into the terminals by the participants and stored in the terminals, said method further comprising the step of transmitting the personal information stored in the terminals when the terminals are connected to the network (Figures 1, 3, column 2 line 50-column 3 line 13, column 4 lines 33-41).

30. Regarding claim 22, Collins disclosed a server wherein the personal information of participants are previously input into the terminals by the participants and stored in the terminals, the terminals transmitting the stored personal information when the terminals are connected to the network (Figures 1, 3, column 2 line 50-column 3 line 13, column 4 lines 33-41).

31. Regarding claim 23, Collins disclosed a terminal device wherein the personal information of participants are previously input into said terminal devices by the participants and stored in said terminal devices, said terminal devices transmitting the stored personal information when said terminal devices are connected to the network (Figures 1, 3, column 2 line 50-column 3 line 13, column 4 lines 33-41).

32. Since all the limitations of the claimed invention were disclosed by the combination of Kume and Collins, claims 1-17 and 20-24 are rejected.

33. Claims 1-17 and 20-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sparks, II (U.S. Patent Number 6,352,479), hereinafter referred to as Sparks, in view of Yamano (U.S. Patent Number 6,547,568).

Art Unit: 2144

34. Regarding claim 1, Sparks disclosed an online organizing method comprising the steps of: inputting an organizing request from a participant; searching personal information of participants of a plurality of terminals connected to a network; selecting the participants, who are compatible with one another, based on the personal information of the participants and the organizing request to organize selected participants; and sharing information by the terminals of the organized participants; and transmitting to the respective terminals control information for carrying out a specific task (Abstract, Figures 5A-6B, 12, column 5 lines 5-25, column 6 lines 18-33, column 7 lines 22-34).

35. Sparks taught the invention substantially as claimed. However, Sparks did not expressly teach a method wherein the personal information of the participants includes a purpose for participation in said task and the organizing request includes a desired purpose.

36. Sparks suggested exploration of art and/or provided a reason to modify the online organizing method with additional feature such as participant desired purpose in order to match participant with only players who have the same purpose or interests (column 1 lines 37-49, column 5 lines 5-25, column 6 lines 19-34).

37. Yamano disclosed an online matchmaking method wherein the personal information of the participants includes a purpose [interest] for participation in said task and the organizing request includes a desired purpose [interest] (Abstract, column 2 lines 33-54, column 3 lines 5-37).

38. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the method of Sparks with the teachings of Yamano to include the participant desired purpose feature in order to match players with the same preferences (column 1 lines 37-49) since players often have differing preferences (column 1 lines 37-37).

39. Regarding claim 2, Sparks disclosed an online organizing method wherein for collecting on line the information for the organization from the terminals connected to the network, the participants input information by selecting items displayed on the screens to input the information (column 5 lines 5-26).

40. Regarding claim 3, Sparks and Yamano combined disclose an online organizing method comprising the steps of: inputting an organizing request from a participant, searching personal information of participants of a plurality of terminals connected to a network; selecting the participants, who are compatible with one another, based on the personal information of the participants and the organizing request to organize the selected participants; sharing information by the terminals of the organized participants; and transmitting control information for starting a program to be carried out on the terminals from an intervening stage of the program (Sparks, Abstract, Figures 5A-6B, 12, column 5 lines 5-25, column 6 lines 18-33, column 7 lines 22-34) wherein the personal information of the participants includes a purpose [interest] for participation in said task and the organizing request includes a desired purpose [interest] (Yamano, Abstract, column 2 lines 33-54, column 3 lines 5-37).

41. Regarding claim 4, Sparks disclosed an online organizing method wherein said program is an online game, and said intervening stage is one of stages of the online game (column 1 lines 37-49, column 6 lines 18-33, lines 49-61).

42. Regarding claim 5, Sparks and Yamano combined disclose a server comprising: organizing means for, based on personal information of participants of a plurality of terminals connected to a network and an organizing request from at least one of the participants, selecting the participants, who are compatible with one another, to organize the selected participants, said personal information including a participant purpose and the organizing request includes a desired purpose; and information

Art Unit: 2144

sharing means for interconnecting the terminals of the organized participants to share information (Sparks, Abstract, Figures 5A-6B, 12, column 5 lines 5-25, column 6 lines 18-33, column 7 lines 22-34; Yamano, Abstract, column 2 lines 33-54, column 3 lines 5-37).

43. Regarding claim 6, Sparks disclosed a server wherein said participants organized by the organizing means are supplied as they are to said information sharing means (Abstract, column 5 lines 5-26, column 6 lines 18-33, column 6 line 62-column 7 line 3).

44. Regarding claim 7, Sparks disclosed a server wherein said server transmits control information for carrying out a specific task to the terminals of the participants organized by the organizing means (Abstract, column 5 lines 5-26, column 6 lines 18-33, column 6 line 62-column 7 line 3).

45. Regarding claim 8, Sparks disclosed a server wherein said specific task is a task for starting a program to be carried out on said plurality of terminals from an intervening stage of the program (Abstract, column 2 lines 16-45, column 4 line 51-column 5 line 6, column 16 lines 1-21, column 17 lines 8-22).

46. Regarding claim 9, Sparks disclosed a server wherein said program is an online game, and said intervening stage is one of stages of the online game (column 1 lines 37-49, column 6 lines 18-33, lines 49-61).

47. Regarding claim 10 and 11, a database server for storing personal information (Figure 4, column 4 lines 4-14). Examiner takes Official Notice (see MPEP § 2144.03) that "an external memory means" in a computer networking environment was well known in the art at the time the invention was made. The Applicant is entitled to traverse any/all official notice taken in this action according to MPEP § 2144.03. However, MPEP § 2144.03 further states "See also In re Boon, 439 F.2d 724, 169 USPQ 231 (CCPA 1971) (a challenge to the taking of judicial notice must contain

adequate information or argument to create on its face a reasonable doubt regarding the circumstances justifying the judicial notice)." Specifically, In re Boon, 169 USPQ 231, 234 states "as we held in Ahlert, an applicant must be given the opportunity to challenge either the correctness of the fact asserted or the notoriety or repute of the reference cited in support of the assertion. We did not mean to imply by this statement that a bald challenge, with nothing more, would be all that was needed". Further note that 37 CFR § 1.671(c)(3) states "Judicial notice means official notice". Thus, a traversal by the Applicant that is merely "a bald challenge, with nothing more" will be given very little weight.

48. Regarding claim 12, Sparks and Yamano combined disclose a terminal device for a network system in which a plurality of the terminal devices are connected to a server, said terminal device transmitting personal information of a user to the server; sharing information through the server among the rest terminal devices organized by the server; and cooperating with the rest terminal devices to carry out a specific task (Sparks, Abstract, Figures 5A-6B, 12, column 5 lines 5-25, column 6 lines 18-33, column 7 lines 22-34), wherein the personal information includes a user purpose for the task (Yamano, Abstract, column 2 lines 33-54, column 3 lines 5-37).

49. Regarding claim 13, Sparks disclosed a terminal device wherein said specific task is a task for starting a program to be carried out by said plurality of the terminal devices from an intervening stage of the program (column 1 lines 37-49, column 6 lines 18-33, lines 49-61).

50. Regarding claim 14, Sparks disclosed a terminal device wherein said program is an online game, and said intervening stage is one of stages of the online game (column 1 lines 37-49, column 6 lines 18-33, lines 49-61).

51. Regarding claim 15, Sparks and Yamano combined disclose a task carrying out method in which terminal devices connected to a server, comprising the steps of: transmitting personal

information of the users of the terminal devices to the server; sharing information through the server among the rest terminal devices organized by the server; and cooperating with the rest terminal devices to carry out a specific task (Sparks, Abstract, Figures 5A-6B, 12, column 5 lines 5-25, column 6 lines 18-33, column 7 lines 22-34), wherein the personal information includes a user purpose [goal] for the task and said transmitting step occurs in response to a user request that includes a desired purpose [goal] (Yamano, Abstract, column 2 lines 33-54, column 3 lines 5-37).

52. Regarding claim 16, Sparks and Yamano combined disclose a computer readable medium storing a program for a server, said program for operating the server to perform an organizing method, said method comprising the steps of: inputting an organizing request from a participant; searching personal information of the participants of a plurality of terminals connected to a network; selecting the participants, who are compatible with one another, based on the personal information of the participants and the organizing request; sharing information among the terminals of the organized participants; and transmitting control information for carrying out a specific task (Sparks, Abstract, Figures 5A-6B, 12, column 5 lines 5-25, column 6 lines 18-33, column 7 lines 22-34), wherein the personal information of the participants includes a purpose [interest] for participation in said task and the organizing request includes a desired purpose [interest] (Yamano, Abstract, column 2 lines 33-54, column 3 lines 5-37).

53. Regarding claim 17, Sparks and Yamano combined disclose a computer readable medium storing a program for a terminal device, said program for operating the device to perform an organizing method, said method comprising the steps of: transmitting to a server personal information of users based on a user request; sharing information through the server among the rest terminal devices organized by the server; and cooperating with the rest terminal devices to carry out a specific

task (Sparks, Abstract, Figures 5A-6B, 12, column 5 lines 5-25, column 6 lines 18-33, column 7 lines 22-34), wherein the personal information includes a user purpose for the task (Yamano, Abstract, column 2 lines 33-54, column 3 lines 5-37).

54. Regarding claims 20-21, and 24, Yamano disclosed a method wherein the personal information of participants are previously input into the terminals by the participants and stored in the terminals, said method further comprising the step of transmitting the personal information stored in the terminals when the terminals are connected to the network (Abstract, Figures 1-5, column 2 lines 33-54, column 3 lines 5-37).

55. Regarding claim 22, Yamano disclosed a server wherein the personal information of participants are previously input into the terminals by the participants and stored in the terminals, the terminals transmitting the stored personal information when the terminals are connected to the network (Abstract, Figures 1-5, column 2 lines 33-54, column 3 lines 5-37).

56. Regarding claim 23, Yamano disclosed a terminal device wherein the personal information of participants are previously input into said terminal devices by the participants and stored in said terminal devices, said terminal devices transmitting the stored personal information when said terminal devices are connected to the network (Abstract, Figures 1-5, column 2 lines 33-54, column 3 lines 5-37).

57. Since all the limitations of the claimed invention were disclosed by the combination of Sparks and Yamano, claims 1-17 and 20-24 are rejected.

***Response to Arguments***

58. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-17 and 20-24 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

59. As the rejection reads, Examiner asserts that the combination of these teachings render the claimed invention obvious.

***Conclusion***

60. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

61. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Refer to the enclosed PTO-892 for details.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tam (Jenny) Phan whose telephone number is (571) 272-3930. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Cuchlinski can be reached on (571) 272-3925. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.



Art Unit: 2144

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



William Cuchlinski  
SPE  
Art Unit 2144  
(571) 272-3925

tp  
February 7, 2005